DynaDrive **INFORMATION MANUAL** 3560-BRS



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3560-BRS, 5/24/15

INTRODUCTION

This information manual provides the product specifications, wiring diagram, operational modes (torque and velocity) and troubleshooting procedures for the brush DynaDrive 3560-BRS.

The DynaDrive 3560-BRS supplies 35 amps continuous current and 60 amps peak current at 300 VDC for a total of 18000 watts of continuous power. The DynaDrive is a current source type PWM amplifier.

The DynaDrive is a power duplicator of the command signal. A battery, a motion controller, or a signal generator can be the source of the command signal input.

ELECTRICAL CAUTIONS

Make sure that all voltages and tests are made with battery powered or electrically isolated instruments.

SPECIFICATIONS

DynaDrive 3560-BRS

Performance Characteristics	
Peak Power	18 kW
Peak Output Voltage	± 300 vdc (shut off @ 450 vdc)
Peak Output Current	± 60 amps (1 sec.)
Max. Continuous Current Internal Shunt Regulator	± 35 amps (50 °C) 110 W continuous, 5.3 kW peak for .02 seconds (activates at 400 vdc)
Electrical Characteristics	
Input Signal Voltage	± 10 vdc (typ.),
System Gain	± 35 vdc (max.) 0 to 6100 amps/volt – velocity mode 0 to 20 Amps/volt – torque mode
Input Impedance	40 k Ohms
Typical Input Drift	10 μV/°C
Bandwidth	2 kHz with 2.4 mHy Inductance
Dead Band	Zero
Input Power Requirements	
Input Voltage	50-260 VAC, single phase or three phase
Adjustments	
Peak Current Limit	0 to 60 amps
RMS Current Limit	0 to 35 amps.
Signal Command Input	Scaling
Balance	Zero velocity/torque offset
Compensation	System response
Tachometer	Scaling
Diagnostics	LED indication
Green	LED 1 - RUN GREEN - AMPLIFIER OPERATIONAL
Red	LED 2 - BUS OVER VOLTAGE
Red	LED 3 – EXCESSIVE RMS CURRENT/ OVER TEMP
Red	LED 4 - SURGE/GROUND FAULT
Physical Characteristics	
Module Dimensions (L x W x H)	7.6 in. x 4.5 in. x 5.4 in.
Weight	4.8 lbs
Ambient Temperature – Operating	0 °C to 50 °C
Shutdown Temperature	80 °C at heat sink
Relative Humidity	5 - 95% non-condensing

WIRING DIAGRAM 3560-BRS with Tachometer J1 CONNECTOR PIN 1 +12 V, 5mA OUT PIN 2 COMMON L2 =12 V, 5mA OUT PIN 3 150-260 VAC PIN 4 COMMAND = L3 PIN 5 COMMAND + PIN 6 TACH IN PIN 7 ENC. TO TACH OUT PIN 8 CURR. MONITOR OUT EARTH GROUND PIN 9 INHIBIT/RESET PIN 10 VOLTAGE OUT (+6V @15mA) PIN 11 COMMON PIN 12 NOT USE PIN 13 NOT USE PIN 14 NOT USE PIN 15 COMMON PIN 16 FAULT OUTPUT J2 CONNECTOR **TEST POINTS MOTOR** PIN 1 MOTOR PIN 2 NOT USE S PEAK CURRENT LIMIT S TACH SIGNAL INPUT Y RMS PIN 4 -DC BUS OUT COMPENSATION PIN 5 +DC BUS OUT COMMON SIGNAL AC CONNECTOR TACH PIN 1 L1 PIN 2 L2 PIN 3 L3 TP2 TP3 TP4 TP6 TP6 PIN 4 EARTH GND 2 3 4 000000 0 RUN BUS RMS SURGE SIGNAL TACH COMPENSATION PIN 1 PIN 16 PIN 1 PIN 5 BUS OVER VOLTAGE-RMS/OVER TEMP.-SURGE/GROUND FAULT **POTS** RUN GREEN OΦ PEAK CURR. LIMIT BALANCE CONN. J2 CONN. J1 CONN. J4 **TORQUE MODE** JUMPER J3 LEDs **BUILT IN** POWER SUPPLY WITH SHUNT REGULATOR TP8 **DynaDrive F1 SHUNT REGULATOR MDA 3A FUSE** F2 MDA 25A BUS VOLTAGE FUSE

OPERATIONAL MODES

The DynaDrive can operate in a Torque or Velocity mode.

In the Torque mode, the DynaDrive only closes the torque loop. The velocity loop is closed in the motion controller.

In the Velocity mode, the DynaDrive itself closes both the torque and velocity loop. Unless otherwise specified, the DynaDrive 3560-BRS is preset from the factory in the Velocity mode.

TORQUE MODE - FACTORY POTENTIOMETER SETTINGS

The DynaDrive 3560-BRS is set in the torque mode by installing the torque mode jumper at J3 and presetting the potentiometers for the torque mode. The factory potentiometer settings for the torque mode are as follows: (See ADJUSTMENTS section for a more complete description of the potentiometer functions)

Table 1		
Potentiometer Description	Potentiometer	Potentiometer Test Point
N/A	Setting N/A	TP1 – COMMON
SIGNAL	5.20 k Ohms	TP2 – SIGNAL
TACH	Full CCW	TP3 – TACH
COMPENSATION	Full CW	TP4 – COMPENSATION
PEAK CURR LIMIT	2.32 k Ohms (60 Amps)	TP5 – PEAK CURR LIMIT
BALANCE	No Preset	None
RMS	9.40 k Ohms (35 Amps)	TP7 – RMS

Note: All Measurements are with respect to TP1 (Common) with J1 removed.

TORQUE MODE - SETUP

The factory preset potentiometer settings are adjusted for the torque mode operation.

To set up and run the DynaDrive 3560-BRS in the torque mode, perform the following:

- 1. Turn power off.
- 2. Remove J1.
- 3. Check all wiring connections. Verify that J3 jumper is installed.
- 4. Set the RMS, PEAK CURRENT LIMIT and SIGNAL pots to match the motor as indicated in Table 2. For preliminary testing under no load, use the factory preset pot settings.
- 5. Check that the TACHOMETER pot is full counterclockwise (CCW).
- 6. Check that the COMPENSATION pot is full clockwise (CW).
- 7. Replace J1.
- 8. Inhibit the DynaDrive by leaving pin 9 of J1 open or by pulling it to common.
- 9. Turn power on.
- 10. Insure that the voltage at COMMAND + and COMMAND is zero.
- 11. Enable the Dynadrive by pulling pin 9 of J1 to + 5 VDC.
- 12. The green LED should be the only LED on. No other LEDs should be on at this point. If any other situation exists, check the TROUBLESHOOTING section of this manual.
- Adjust the BALANCE pot to give zero volts at CURRENT MONITOR OUT, J1 pin 8.
- 14. Apply a voltage (0 to +/- 10 Vdc) at COMMAND + and COMMAND -. The motor shaft should turn CW when COMMAND + is positive and should turn CCW when COMMAND + is negative. At low COMMAND voltage, holding the shaft can stall the motor. At higher COMMAND voltage, the torque is much greater and it should be difficult to stall the motor.

MATCHING THE DYNADRIVE TO THE MOTOR

The factory preset potentiometer settings of the DynaDrive 3560-BRS may need to be adjusted to match the continuous current rating of your motor. To accomplish this, find the continuous current rating of the motor to be used and adjust the RMS, PEAK CURR LIMIT and SIGNAL pot per Table 2 below. If the continuous current rating is between the values shown in the table, you may set to the lower value or use linear interpolation for each pot value. The signal pot settings are based on +/- 10 vdc input command signal.

Table 2			
Continuous Current Rating of Motor (Amps)	RMS Pot Setting TP7 K Ohms (Amps)	PEAK CURRENT LIMIT Pot Setting TP5 K Ohms (Amps)	SIGNAL Pot Setting TP2 K Ohms
10	2.56 k (10 Amps)	.49 k (22 Amps)	1.86 k
15	5.78 k (15 Amps)	1.21 k (42 Amps)	3.50 k
23	7.89 k (23 Amps)	2.00. k (50 Amps)	4.40 k
30	9.20 k (30 Amps)	2.40 k (60 Amps)	5.20 k
35	9.47 K (35 Amps)	2.40 K (60 Amps)	5.20 k

Note: All Measurements are with respect to TP1 (Common) with J1 removed.

VELOCITY MODE – POTENTIOMETER SETTINGS

To set the DynaDrive in the Velocity Mode, remove the cover to expose the Torque Mode Jumper at J3. Remove the Torque Mode Jumper at J3 that is located right behind the Tach pot. The pot settings must be adjusted for Velocity mode per Table 3 below. The Velocity mode requires a tachometer feedback signal from the motor or motion control system.

To match the motor to the DynaDrive 3560-BRS, set the RMS and SIGNAL pots per Table 2. Set the PEAK CURR LIMIT pot to full CCW. Set the remaining pots per Table 3 below. Now perform the Velocity Mode Setup procedure on the next page.

Table 3		
Potentiometer	Potentiometer	Potentiometer
Description	Setting	Test Point
N/A	N/A	TP1 – Common
SIGNAL	See Table 2	TP2 – SIGNAL
TACH	2.4 k Ohms	TP3 – TACH
COMPENSATION	Full CCW	TP4 – COMPENSATION
PEAK CURR LIMIT	Full CCW	TP5 – PEAK CURR LIMIT
BALANCE	No Preset	None
RMS	See Table 2	TP7 – RMS

Note: All Measurements are with respect to TP1 (Common) with J1 removed.

VELOCITY MODE - SETUP

To set up and run the DynaDrive 3560-BRS in the Velocity mode, perform the following:

- 1. Turn power off.
- 2. Remove J1.
- 3. Check all wiring connections. Verify that J3 jumper is removed.
- 4. Check that the pots are set per Table 3.
- 5. Inhibit the DynaDrive by leaving pin 9 of J1 open or by pulling it to common.
- 6. Replace J1.
- 7. Turn power on.
- 8. Insure that the voltage at COMMAND + and COMMAND is zero.
- 9. Enable the DynaDrive by pulling pin 9 of J1 to + 5 VDC.
- The green LED should be the only LED on. No other LEDs should be on at this point. If any other situation exists, check the TROUBLESHOOTING section of this manual.
- 11. Slowly turn the PEAK CURR LIMIT pot CW. If the motor runs away, turn the power off, reverse the velocity feedback leads and repeat above. If the motor does not run away, turn power off and wait for the green LED to go out, disconnect J1. Set the PEAK CURR LIMIT pot to the value given in Table 2. Re-install J1, turn power on and continue.
- 12. Turn the COMPENSATION pot CW until the motor starts buzzing. Now turn the pot CCW until the motor stops buzzing and then turn another 1 ½ turns CCW.
- 13. The motor shaft should not be rotating at this point. If it is slowly rotating, adjust the BALANCE pot until rotation is stopped.
- 14. With zero voltage at COMMAND + and COMMAND -, the motor shaft should be stiff and difficult to turn. A low voltage at COMMAND + will cause the motor to turn at a slow speed with high torque and the motor should be difficult to stall. The motor speed should be proportional to the COMMAND voltage.

CONNECTOR INFORMATION DynaDrive 3560-BRS

J1

Pin	Label	Description
1	+ 12V, 5mA OUT	Auxiliary voltage that has 1K ohm
		resistor in series with this output.
2	COMMON	Connected to other commons and
		connected to the metalwork of the
		amplifier mounting plate.
3	- 12V, 5mA OUT	Auxiliary voltage that has 1K ohm
		resistor in series with this output,
4	COMMAND -	Differential input. This pin can also
		be used as a single ended input.
		Use J1, pin 2 as common.
5	COMMAND +	Differential input
6	TACH IN	Single ended input that has
		additional tach filtering and
		conditioning.
7	ENCODER to TACH OUT (option)	Jumper to Pin 6 if Encoder to tach
		option is being used.
8	CURR MONITOR OUT	Current monitor output. +/- 10 Vdc
		out equals approx. +/- 60 amps.
9	INHIBIT/RESET	Connect to + 5Vdc to enable
		amplifier. Remove +5Vdc to inhibit
40	LIALL VOLTAGE OUT	and reset amplifier.
10	HALL VOLTAGE OUT	+ 5Vdc can be use for Inhibit/reset
	0014101	(200 mA max)
11	COMMON	See pin 2 above
12	HALL 1	Not use on Brush Drive
13	HALL 2	Not use on Brush Drive
14	HALL 3	Not use on Brush Drive
15	COMMON	See pin 2 above.
16	FAULT OUTPUT	Uncommitted collector output that is
		high (off) during normal operation
		and low (on) if a fault occurs.
		Note: Use an external pull up
		resistor to 5 - 24 Vdc at 10 mA max.

J4

Pin	Label	Description
1	N. C.	No Connection
2	Enc. (B)	Encoder B Input for Enc. To Tach.
3	N. C.	No Connection
4	Enc. (A)	Encoder A Input for Enc. To Tach.
5	Enc. Common	Encoder Ground for the Enc. To Tach.

J2

Pin	Label	Description
1	MOTOR (U)	Output power to motor
2	MOTOR (V)	Not use on Brush Dirve
3	MOTOR (W)	Output power to motor
4	- DC BUS OUT	Output Bus Voltage Return
5	+ DC BUS OUT	Output Bus Voltage High Side

ADJUSTMENTS

The following is a description of the function of each pot. The pot settings can be measured at test points TP1 thru TP7.

SIGNAL The signal potentiometer is used for scaling the command signal.

Turning the potentiometer CW increases the amount of command

signal to the front end of the amplifier.

TACH The tachometer potentiometer is used for scaling the various

tachometer voltage gradients. This input has to be used because of special signal conditioning. Turning the pot CW increases the

amount of tach-feedback into the amplifier.

COMPENSATION The Compensation potentiometer is used to increase or decrease

the response (bandwidth) of the amplifier. Turning the potentiometer CW increases the response of the amplifier.

PEAK CURR LIMIT The peak current limit potentiometer is used to increase or

decrease the peak output current of the amplifier. Turning the potentiometer CW increases the output current of the amplifier from

zero amps to maximum peak amps.

BALANCE The balance potentiometer is used to stop motor rotation when no

input signal exists. The function of this pot is such that for zero

input volts the output current should be at zero amps.

RMS The RMS potentiometer is for changing the level of the RMS

current. The amplifier is capable of providing maximum RMS current when fully CW. The minimum current is approximately 0

amps when fully CCW.

TEST POINTS INFORMATION

DynaDrive 3560-BRS

TP1 - COMMON

TP2 - SIGNAL input pot wiper

TP3 - TACH input pot wiper

TP4 - COMPENSATION pot wiper

TP5 - PEAK CURR LIMIT pot wiper

TP6 - TACH IN signal directly connected to J1, pin 6 thru a 10K resistor

TP7 - RMS current setting pot wiper

TP8 - Front-end opamp output (J3, pin 2)

TROUBLESHOOTING

The DynaDrive 35560-BRS has four diagnostic LEDs:

- 1) RUN GREEN
- 2) BUS OVER VOLTAGE
- 3) RMS/ OVER TEMP
- 4) SURGE/ GROUND FAULT

GREEN LED:

RUN GREEN - Indicates the amplifier is working properly. When the green LED goes off and there are no red LEDs on, the following may have occurred:

- 1. Loss of power to the amplifier.
- 2. Bus Voltage less than 100 VDC.
- 3. Amplifier has been inhibited by J1, Pin 9.

RED LEDs:

Note: When a red LED is on, the amplifier has been inhibited and remains inhibited until reset. To reset, toggle J1 pin 9 momentarily to Common.

<u>BUS OVER VOLTAGE</u> - Indicates that the bus voltage has exceeded 450 VDC. This condition may be caused by rapid deceleration or back driving of the motor. A shunt regulator is required to dissipate the motor energy. If a shunt regulator is present in the system check its fuses.

RMS/OVER TEMP

<u>Excess RMS</u> - The amplifier delivered current beyond its continuous capability. This condition can exist if a machine is asked to perform a task greater than its design capabilities. This would include a motor that is mechanically stalled or binding or a motor with shorted stator (armature) wires.

<u>Over temperature</u> - The heat sink has exceeded 80 °C. An over temperature condition may exist for the following reasons:

- a) Insufficient airflow across the heat sink.
- b) Ambient cabinet temperature too high.

SURGE/GROUND FAULT

<u>Surge</u> - Indicates an excessive amount of current through the power transistors in the output power bridge. This condition may be due to a damaged output power device or shorted output leads to the motor.

<u>Ground fault</u> - One of the output wires to the motor is shorted to ground. This condition may be due to faulty or pinched wiring or the motor is arcing to the case ground.

OTHER CONDITIONS:

MOTOR OR MACHINE RUNS AWAY:

- 1.Check the tachometer voltage to the amplifier by testing TP3 with respect to TP1. Then look at TP6 with respect to TP1 with a voltmeter.
- 2. Ensure the tachometer signal is phased correctly.
- 3. Check to see if the position loop phasing (CNC command) is correct relative to the position encoder feedback device.

MOTOR PRODUCES VERY LOW TORQUE IN VARIOUS SHAFT POSITIONS:

1. Check you pot settings the PEAK CURENT LIMIT may be to low

